VS.6 VIRGINIA AND THE NEW NATION-2020UPDATE

STANDARD Vs.6A

George

Vashington

WASHINGTON, MADISON

George Washington is called the "Father of Our Country" and James Madison is called the "Father of the Constitution."

The actions and ideas of **Virginians** formed the basis for the **new constitutional government** of the United States.

George Washington, a Virginian, was elected as **the first President** of the United States of
America.

- He provided the strong leadership needed to help the young country and provided a model of leadership for future presidents.
- Thus, he is often called the "Father of Our Country."

James Madison, a Virginian, believed in the importance of having a United States **constitution**. He kept **detailed notes** during the Constitutional Convention.

- His skills at compromise helped the delegates reach agreement during the difficult process of writing the Constitution of the United States of America.
- This earned him the title "Father of the Constitution."

STANDARD VS.6BMASON, JEFFERSON

The Virginia

Declaration of Rights
and the Virginia

Statute for Religious
Freedom provided
significant rights.



The Virginia Declaration of

Rights, written by **George Mason**, states that all Virginians have **many rights**, including freedom of **religion** and freedom of the **press**.

The Virginia Statute for Religious Freedom, written by Thomas Jefferson, states that all people should be free to worship as they please.



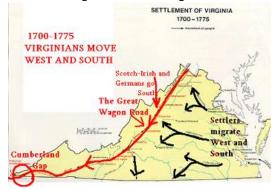
STANDARD VS.6C MIGRATION WEST

Geography influenced the **movement** of people and ideas as Virginians moved to and beyond the Virginia frontier.

After the American Revolution, Virginia's **agricultural base** began to change, and as a result large numbers of Virginians

moved west and to the deep South to find better farmland and new opportunities.

> Tobacco farming was hard on the soil, causing many



farmers to look west and south for new land to farm.

- The development of the cotton gin led to the opening of new lands in the south and attracted settlers from Virginia.
- The mechanical reaper allowed farmers to grow more wheat with fewer workers, which forced many Virginians to leave the state in search of jobs.
- Virginians migrated into western territories looking for large areas of land and new opportunities.
- As Virginians moved, they took their enslaved people, traditions, ideas, and cultures with them.
- Many enslaved African Americans were sold to people who lived in other southern states and western territories, permanently separating many families by hundreds of miles.
- Settlers crossed the Appalachian Mountains through the Cumberland Gap as they migrated to new lands in the west